Explorer6 Unit1 Translate the English word into Korean.

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| **Translate the English word into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 1** | **1** | mean | 의미하다 |
| **2** | grow | 기르다 |
| **3** | favorite | 가장 좋아하는 |
| **4** | season | 계절 |
| **5** | hope | 바라다, 희망하다 |
| **6** | be born | 태어나다 |
| **7** | hate | 싫어하다 |
| **8** | sunshine | 햇볕 |
| **9** | health | 건강 |
| **10** | clear | 맑은 |
| **11** | express | 나타내다, 표현하다 |
| **12** | necessary | 필요한 |
| **13** | produce | 만들어내다, 생산하다 |
| **14** | collect | 모으다, 수집하다 |
| **15** | condition | 상태, 조건 |
| **16** | prefer | 선호하다, ~을 더 좋아하다 |
| **17** | luck | 행운 |
| **18** | snowball fight | 눈싸움 |
| **19** | pure | 순수한 |
| **20** | vegetable | 채소 |
| **21** | mean | 의미하다 |
| **22** | grow | 기르다 |
| **23** | favorite | 가장 좋아하는 |
| **24** | season | 계절 |
| **25** | hope | 바라다, 희망하다 |
| **26** | be born | 태어나다 |
| **27** | hate | 싫어하다 |
| **28** | sunshine | 햇볕 |
| **29** | health | 건강 |
| **30** | clear | 맑은 |
| **31** | express | 나타내다, 표현하다 |
| **32** | necessary | 필요한 |
| **33** | produce | 만들어내다, 생산하다 |
| **34** | collect | 모으다, 수집하다 |
| **35** | condition | 상태, 조건 |
| **36** | prefer | 선호하다, ~을 더 좋아하다 |
| **37** | luck | 행운 |
| **38** | snowball fight | 눈싸움 |
| **39** | pure | 순수한 |
| **40** | vegetable | 채소 |

Explorer6 Unit1 Translate the English sentence into Korean.

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| **Translate the English sentence into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 1** | **1** | Which season do you like best? | 너는 어떤 계절을 가장 좋아하니? |
| **2** | I like spring best. | 나는 봄을 가장 좋아해. |
| **3** | Why do you like spring? | 너는 왜 봄을 좋아하니? |
| **4** | I like spring because the weather is warm and things are new. | 나는 봄을 좋아해. 왜냐하면 날씨가 따뜻하고 사물들이 새롭기 때문이야. |
| **5** | What do you mean? | 그게 무슨 뜻이니? |
| **6** | There are new flowers in spring. | 봄에는 새로운 꽃들이 있어. |
| **7** | I can meet new friends at school. | 나는 학교에서 새로운 친구들을 만날 수 있어. |
| **8** | I love flowers. | 나는 꽃들을 너무 좋아해. |
| **9** | I planted lots of flowers in the garden this spring. | 나는 올 봄에 정원에 많은 꽃들을 심었어. |
| **10** | Did you grow only flowers? | 너는 꽃들만 키웠니? |
| **11** | I grew tomatoes and strawberries with my mom. | 나는 엄마와 함께 토마토와 딸기를 키웠어. |
| **12** | I want to have some strawberries. | 나는 딸기를 좀 먹고 싶다. |
| **13** | I can go skiing and make a snowman. | 나는 스키를 타러 갈 수도 있고, 눈사람도 만들 수 있기 때문이야. |
| **14** | I go skiing every winter. | 나는 매년 겨울에 스키를 타러 가. |
| **15** | Are you going to go skiing this winter? | 이번 겨울에도 너는 스키를 타러 갈 거니? |
| **16** | I hope to enjoy snowboarding this winter. | 나는 이번 겨울에 스노보드를 즐기고 싶어. |
| **17** | Is winter your favorite season, Lisa? | 리사야, 겨울이 네가 가장 좋아하는 계절이니? |
| **18** | First of all, I was born in summer. | 첫째로, 나는 여름에 태어났어. |
| **19** | The weather's too hot and the sunshine is too strong. | 날씨가 너무 덥고, 햇볕이 너무 강해. |
| **20** | Too much sunshine is not good for your health. | 너무 많은 햇볕은 너의 건강에 좋지 않아. |
| **21** | Which season do you like best? | 너는 어떤 계절을 가장 좋아하니? |
| **22** | I like spring best. | 나는 봄을 가장 좋아해. |
| **23** | Why do you like spring? | 너는 왜 봄을 좋아하니? |
| **24** | I like spring because the weather is warm and things are new. | 나는 봄을 좋아해. 왜냐하면 날씨가 따뜻하고 사물들이 새롭기 때문이야. |
| **25** | What do you mean? | 그게 무슨 뜻이니? |
| **26** | There are new flowers in spring. | 봄에는 새로운 꽃들이 있어. |
| **27** | I can meet new friends at school. | 나는 학교에서 새로운 친구들을 만날 수 있어. |
| **28** | I love flowers. | 나는 꽃들을 너무 좋아해. |
| **29** | I planted lots of flowers in the garden this spring. | 나는 올 봄에 정원에 많은 꽃들을 심었어. |
| **30** | Did you grow only flowers? | 너는 꽃들만 키웠니? |
|  | **31** | I grew tomatoes and strawberries with my mom. | 나는 엄마와 함께 토마토와 딸기를 키웠어. |
| **32** | I want to have some strawberries. | 나는 딸기를 좀 먹고 싶다. |
| **33** | I can go skiing and make a snowman. | 나는 스키를 타러 갈 수도 있고, 눈사람도 만들 수 있기 때문이야. |
| **34** | I go skiing every winter. | 나는 매년 겨울에 스키를 타러 가. |
| **35** | Are you going to go skiing this winter? | 이번 겨울에도 너는 스키를 타러 갈 거니? |
| **36** | I hope to enjoy snowboarding this winter. | 나는 이번 겨울에 스노보드를 즐기고 싶어. |
| **37** | Is winter your favorite season, Lisa? | 리사야, 겨울이 네가 가장 좋아하는 계절이니? |
| **38** | First of all, I was born in summer. | 첫째로, 나는 여름에 태어났어. |
| **39** | The weather's too hot and the sunshine is too strong. | 날씨가 너무 덥고, 햇볕이 너무 강해. |
| **40** | Too much sunshine is not good for your health. | 너무 많은 햇볕은 너의 건강에 좋지 않아. |

Explorer6 Unit1 Look at the picture and answer the question.

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| **Look at the picture and answer the question.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 1** | **1** | Which season does Jane like best? | She likes fall (best). / Her favorite season is fall. |
| **2** | What is Tom's favorite season? | It is winter. |
| **3** | Why does she like winter? | Because she can go skiing. / Because she like skiing. |
| **4** | Which season do they like best? | They like summer. |
| **5** | Why does he like summer? | Because he can surf on the beach. |
| **6** | What's her favorite sport? | Her favorite sport is baseball. |
| **7** | What's his favorite color? | His favorite color is green. |
| **8** | Why is he so happy? | Because he got (received) a present. |
| **9** | Why are they so happy? | Because their team won the game. |
| **10** | Which season was he born? | He was born in spring. |
| **11** | Which season does Jane like best? | She likes fall (best). / Her favorite season is fall. |
| **12** | What is Tom's favorite season? | It is winter. |
| **13** | Why does she like winter? | Because she can go skiing. / Because she like skiing. |
| **14** | Which season do they like best? | They like summer. |
| **15** | Why does he like summer? | Because he can surf on the beach. |
| **16** | What's her favorite sport? | Her favorite sport is baseball. |
| **17** | What's his favorite color? | His favorite color is green. |
| **18** | Why is he so happy? | Because he got (received) a present. |
| **19** | Why are they so happy? | Because their team won the game. |
| **20** | Which season was he born? | He was born in spring. |

Explorer6 Unit1 Listen to the question and answer it.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Listen to the question and answer it.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 1** | **1** | What is Dona's favorite season? | It (Dona's favorite season) is spring. |
| **2** | Why does Dona like spring best? | Because the weather is warm and things are new in spring. |
| **3** | What does Dona mean by saying 'things are new in spring'? | She means that there are new flowers in spring and she can meet new friends at school. |
| **4** | What did Dona grow in her garden? | She planted lots of flowers, tomatoes and strawberries. |
| **5** | Which season does Joan like best? | She likes winter best. |
| **6** | Why does Joan like winter? | Because she can go skiing and make a snowman. |
| **7** | Which season does Lisa like best? | She likes summer best. |
| **8** | Why does Lisa like summer? | Because she was born in summer and she can go to the beach / Because she likes swimming in the sea. |
| **9** | Why does Dona hate summer? | Because the weather is too hot and the sunshine is too strong. |
| **10** | When are Joan, Lisa and Dona going to go hiking? | They are going to go hiking this weekend. |
| **11** | What is Dona's favorite season? | It (Dona's favorite season) is spring. |
| **12** | Why does Dona like spring best? | Because the weather is warm and things are new in spring. |
| **13** | What does Dona mean by saying 'things are new in spring'? | She means that there are new flowers in spring and she can meet new friends at school. |
| **14** | What did Dona grow in her garden? | She planted lots of flowers, tomatoes and strawberries. |
| **15** | Which season does Joan like best? | She likes winter best. |
| **16** | Why does Joan like winter? | Because she can go skiing and make a snowman. |
| **17** | Which season does Lisa like best? | She likes summer best. |
| **18** | Why does Lisa like summer? | Because she was born in summer and she can go to the beach / Because she likes swimming in the sea. |
| **19** | Why does Dona hate summer? | Because the weather is too hot and the sunshine is too strong. |
| **20** | When are Joan, Lisa and Dona going to go hiking? | They are going to go hiking this weekend. |

Explorer6 Unit1 Translate the Korean sentence into English.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Translate the Korean sentence into English.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit**  **1** | **1** | 너는 어떤 계절을 가장 좋아하니? | Which season do you like best? |
| **2** | 나는 봄을 가장 좋아해. | I like spring best. |
| **3** | 너는 왜 봄을 좋아하니? | Why do you like spring? |
| **4** | 나는 봄을 좋아해. 왜냐하면 날씨가 따뜻하고 사물들이 새롭기 때문이야. | I like spring because the weather is warm and things are new. |
| **5** | 그게 무슨 뜻이니? | What do you mean? |
| **6** | 봄에는 새로운 꽃들이 있어. | There are new flowers in spring. |
| **7** | 나는 학교에서 새로운 친구들을 만날 수 있어. | I can meet new friends at school. |
| **8** | 나는 꽃들을 너무 좋아해. | I love flowers. |
| **9** | 나는 올 봄에 정원에 많은 꽃들을 심었어. | I planted lots of flowers in the garden this spring. |
| **10** | 너는 꽃들만 키웠니? | Did you grow only flowers? |
| **11** | 나는 엄마와 함께 토마토와 딸기를 키웠어. | I grew tomatoes and strawberries with my mom. |
| **12** | 나는 딸기를 좀 먹고 싶다. | I want to have some strawberries. |
| **13** | 나는 스키를 타러 갈수도 있고, 눈사람도 만들 수 있기 때문이야. | I can go skiing and make a snowman. |
| **14** | 나는 매년 겨울에 스키를 타러 가. | I go skiing every winter. |
| **15** | 이번 겨울에도 너는 스키를 타러 갈거니? | Are you going to go skiing this winter? |
| **16** | 너는 어떤 계절을 가장 좋아하니? | Which season do you like best? |
| **17** | 나는 봄을 가장 좋아해. | I like spring best. |
| **18** | 너는 왜 봄을 좋아하니? | Why do you like spring? |
| **19** | 나는 봄을 좋아해. 왜냐하면 날씨가 따뜻하고 사물들이 새롭기 때문이야. | I like spring because the weather is warm and things are new. |
| **20** | 그게 무슨 뜻이니? | What do you mean? |
| **21** | 봄에는 새로운 꽃들이 있어. | There are new flowers in spring. |
| **22** | 나는 학교에서 새로운 친구들을 만날 수 있어. | I can meet new friends at school. |
| **23** | 나는 꽃들을 너무 좋아해. | I love flowers. |
| **24** | 나는 올 봄에 정원에 많은 꽃들을 심었어. | I planted lots of flowers in the garden this spring. |
| **25** | 너는 꽃들만 키웠니? | Did you grow only flowers? |
| **26** | 나는 엄마와 함께 토마토와 딸기를 키웠어. | I grew tomatoes and strawberries with my mom. |
| **27** | 나는 딸기를 좀 먹고 싶다. | I want to have some strawberries. |
| **28** | 나는 스키를 타러 갈수도 있고, 눈사람도 만들 수 있기 때문이야. | I can go skiing and make a snowman. |
| **29** | 나는 매년 겨울에 스키를 타러 가. | I go skiing every winter. |
| **30** | 이번 겨울에도 너는 스키를 타러 갈거니? | Are you going to go skiing this winter? |

Explorer6 Unit2 Translate the English word into Korean.

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| **Translate the English word into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 2** | **1** | North Pole | 북극 |
| **2** | unless | ~하지 않는 한 |
| **3** | progress | (시간이) 지나다 |
| **4** | heat up | 뜨거워지다 |
| **5** | opposite | 반대(되는 것) |
| **6** | crop | 농작물 |
| **7** | cause | ~을 야기하다 |
| **8** | impact | 영향 |
| **9** | hemisphere | 반구 |
| **10** | reason | 이유 |
| **11** | equator | 적도 |
| **12** | sunlight | 햇빛 |
| **13** | northern | 북쪽의 |
| **14** | harvest | 수확하다 |
| **15** | during | ~동안 |
| **16** | southern | 남쪽의 |
| **17** | tilt | 기울다, 기울기 |
| **18** | surface | 표면, 지면 |
| **19** | employee | 종업원, 피고용자 |
| **20** | earn | 벌다 |
| **21** | North Pole | 북극 |
| **22** | unless | ~하지 않는 한 |
| **23** | progress | (시간이) 지나다 |
| **24** | heat up | 뜨거워지다 |
| **25** | opposite | 반대(되는 것) |
| **26** | crop | 농작물 |
| **27** | cause | ~을 야기하다 |
| **28** | impact | 영향 |
| **29** | hemisphere | 반구 |
| **30** | reason | 이유 |
| **31** | equator | 적도 |
| **32** | sunlight | 햇빛 |
| **33** | northern | 북쪽의 |
| **34** | harvest | 수확하다 |
| **35** | during | ~동안 |
| **36** | southern | 남쪽의 |
| **37** | tilt | 기울다, 기울기 |
| **38** | surface | 표면, 지면 |
| **39** | employee | 종업원, 피고용자 |
| **40** | earn | 벌다 |

Explorer6 Unit2 Translate the English sentence into Korean.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Translate the English sentence into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 2** | **1** | Unless you live near the Earth's equator, you know that there are four seasons. | 적도 근처에 살지 않는 한, 여러분은 사계절이 있다는 것을 알 것입니다. |
| **2** | They are spring, summer, fall, and winter. | 그것은 봄, 여름, 가을, 겨울입니다. |
| **3** | The seasons have a lot of impact on the Earth. | 계절은 지구에 많은 영향을 줍니다. |
| **4** | In spring, animals are born and plants come back to life. | 봄에는 동물들이 태어나고 식물들이 생기를 찾습니다. |
| **5** | Summer is hot and you often take vacations to the beach. | 여름은 덥고 여러분은 종종 해변으로 휴가를 갑니다. |
| **6** | In fall, the leaves change colors and farmers harvest their crops. | 가을에 나뭇잎들은 색깔이 바뀌고 농부들은 그들의 농작물을 수확합니다. |
| **7** | Winter is cold and it snows in many places. | 겨울은 춥고 많은 곳에서 눈이 내립니다. |
| **8** | Some animals have a long sleep during winter. | 어떤 동물들은 겨울 동안 긴 잠을 잡니다. |
| **9** | What causes seasons? | 무엇이 계절을 만들까요? |
| **10** | That's because of the tilt of the Earth and the Sun. | 그것은 지구의 기울어짐과 태양 때문입니다. |
| **11** | The Earth has a tilt of 23.5 and travels around the Sun. | 지구는 23.5도 기울어져서 태양 주변을 돕니다. |
| **12** | Summer happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun. | 여름은 태양을 향해 기울어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. |
| **13** | Winter happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun. | 겨울은 태양에서 멀어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. |
| **14** | When the North Pole is tilted towards the Sun, the days on the northern part get more sunlight. | 북극이 태양쪽으로 기울어질 때 북부 지역의 낮은 더 많은 햇볕을 받게 됩니다. |
| **15** | With longer days, the northern hemisphere heats up and gets summer. | 낮이 더 길어져서 북반구는 더워지고 여름이 됩니다. |
| **16** | As the time progresses, the Earth's tilt changes. | 시간이 흐르면서 지구의 기울어짐이 바뀝니다. |
| **17** | The North Pole is away from the Sun. | 북극은 태양으로부터 멀어집니다. |
| **18** | Seasons of the northern hemisphere are the opposite of seasons of the southern hemisphere. | 북반구의 계절은 남반구의 계절과는 반대입니다. |
| **19** | When it's winter in the United States, it will be summer in Brazil. | 미국이 겨울일 때, 브라질은 여름일 것입니다. |
| **20** | Isn't it wonderful that we have seasons? | 우리에게 계절이 있다는 것은 멋있지 않나요? |
| **21** | Unless you live near the Earth's equator, you know that there are four seasons. | 적도 근처에 살지 않는 한, 여러분은 사계절이 있다는 것을 알 것입니다. |
| **22** | They are spring, summer, fall, and winter. | 그것은 봄, 여름, 가을, 겨울입니다. |
| **23** | The seasons have a lot of impact on the Earth. | 계절은 지구에 많은 영향을 줍니다. |
| **24** | In spring, animals are born and plants come back to life. | 봄에는 동물들이 태어나고 식물들이 생기를 찾습니다. |
| **25** | Summer is hot and you often take vacations to the beach. | 여름은 덥고 여러분은 종종 해변으로 휴가를 갑니다. |
| **26** | In fall, the leaves change colors and farmers harvest their crops. | 가을에 나뭇잎들은 색깔이 바뀌고 농부들은 그들의 농작물을 수확합니다. |
| **27** | Winter is cold and it snows in many places. | 겨울은 춥고 많은 곳에서 눈이 내립니다. |
| **28** | Some animals have a long sleep during winter. | 어떤 동물들은 겨울 동안 긴 잠을 잡니다. |
| **29** | What causes seasons? | 무엇이 계절을 만들까요? |
| **30** | That's because of the tilt of the Earth and the Sun. | 그것은 지구의 기울어짐과 태양 때문입니다. |
| **31** | The Earth has a tilt of 23.5 and travels around the Sun. | 지구는 23.5도 기울어져서 태양 주변을 돕니다. |
| **32** | Summer happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun. | 여름은 태양을 향해 기울어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. |
| **33** | Winter happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun. | 겨울은 태양에서 멀어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. |
| **34** | When the North Pole is tilted towards the Sun, the days on the northern part get more sunlight. | 북극이 태양쪽으로 기울어질 때 북부 지역의 낮은 더 많은 햇볕을 받게 됩니다. |
| **35** | With longer days, the northern hemisphere heats up and gets summer. | 낮이 더 길어져서 북반구는 더워지고 여름이 됩니다. |
| **36** | As the time progresses, the Earth's tilt changes. | 시간이 흐르면서 지구의 기울어짐이 바뀝니다. |
| **37** | The North Pole is away from the Sun. | 북극은 태양으로부터 멀어집니다. |
| **38** | Seasons of the northern hemisphere are the opposite of seasons of the southern hemisphere. | 북반구의 계절은 남반구의 계절과는 반대입니다. |
| **39** | When it's winter in the United States, it will be summer in Brazil. | 미국이 겨울일 때, 브라질은 여름일 것입니다. |
| **40** | Isn't it wonderful that we have seasons? | 우리에게 계절이 있다는 것은 멋있지 않나요? |

Explorer6 Unit2 Look at the picture and answer the question.

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| **Look at the picture and answer the question.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 2** | **1** | Isn't she a teacher? | No, she isn't. She is a student. |
| **2** | How many seasons do you have in Indonesia near the equator? | There are two seasons. |
| **3** | What do the farmers do in fall? | They harvest their crops. |
| **4** | What does a bear do during winter? | It has a long sleep. / It sleeps during winter. |
| **5** | Where do people go in summer? | They go to the beach. |
| **6** | What causes seasons? | The tilt of the Earth and the Sun cause seasons. |
| **7** | What degrees of tilt does the Earth have? | It has a tilt of 23.5 degrees. |
| **8** | What happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun? | Winter happens. / It becomes winter. |
| **9** | What happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun? | Summer happens. / It becomes summer. |
| **10** | What is the imaginary line around the middle of the earth? | It is the equator. |
| **11** | Isn't she a teacher? | No, she isn't. She is a student. |
| **12** | How many seasons do you have in Indonesia near the equator? | There are two seasons. |
| **13** | What do the farmers do in fall? | They harvest their crops. |
| **14** | What does a bear do during winter? | It has a long sleep. / It sleeps during winter. |
| **15** | Where do people go in summer? | They go to the beach. |
| **16** | What causes seasons? | The tilt of the Earth and the Sun cause seasons. |
| **17** | What degrees of tilt does the Earth have? | It has a tilt of 23.5 degrees. |
| **18** | What happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun? | Winter happens. / It becomes winter. |
| **19** | What happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun? | Summer happens. / It becomes summer. |
| **20** | What is the imaginary line around the middle of the earth? | It is the equator. |

Explorer6 Unit2 Listen to the question and answer it.

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| **Listen to the question and answer it.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 2** | **1** | How many seasons are there unless you live near the Earth's equator? | There are four seasons. |
| **2** | In which season do some animals have a long sleep? | They have a long sleep during winter. |
| **3** | What causes seasons? | The tilt of the Earth and the Sun cause seasons. |
| **4** | How many degrees is the Earth tilted? | It is tilted 23.5 degrees. |
| **5** | How often does the Earth travel around the Sun? | It travels around the Sun every year. |
| **6** | In which hemisphere does the summer happen? | It happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun. |
| **7** | In which hemisphere does the winter happen? | It happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun. |
| **8** | When does the northern hemisphere have longer days and shorter nights? | When the North Pole is tilted towards the Sun. |
| **9** | When it's winter in Europe, which season is it in Brazil? | It's summer. |
| **10** | When the North Pole is tilted away from the Sun, which season is it in the southern hemisphere? | It is (becomes) summer. |
| **11** | How many seasons are there unless you live near the Earth's equator? | There are four seasons. |
| **12** | In which season do some animals have a long sleep? | They have a long sleep during winter. |
| **13** | What causes seasons? | The tilt of the Earth and the Sun cause seasons. |
| **14** | How many degrees is the Earth tilted? | It is tilted 23.5 degrees. |
| **15** | How often does the Earth travel around the Sun? | It travels around the Sun every year. |
| **16** | In which hemisphere does the summer happen? | It happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun. |
| **17** | In which hemisphere does the winter happen? | It happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun. |
| **18** | When does the northern hemisphere have longer days and shorter nights? | When the North Pole is tilted towards the Sun. |
| **19** | When it's winter in Europe, which season is it in Brazil? | It's summer. |
| **20** | When the North Pole is tilted away from the Sun, which season is it in the southern hemisphere? | It is (becomes) summer. |

Explorer6 Unit2 Translate the Korean sentence into English.

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| **Translate the Korean sentence into English.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit**  **2** | **1** | 적도 근처에 살지 않는 한, 여러분은 사계절이 있다는 것을 알 것입니다. | Unless you live near the Earth's equator, you know that there are four seasons. |
| **2** | 그것은 봄, 여름, 가을, 겨울입니다. | They are spring, summer, fall, and winter. |
| **3** | 계절은 지구에 많은 영향을 줍니다. | The seasons have a lot of impact on the Earth. |
| **4** | 봄에는 동물들이 태어나고 식물들이 생기를 찾습니다. | In spring, animals are born and plants come back to life. |
| **5** | 여름은 덥고 여러분은 종종 해변으로 휴가를 갑니다. | Summer is hot and you often take vacations to the beach. |
| **6** | 가을에 나뭇잎들은 색깔이 바뀌고 농부들은 그들의 농작물을 수확합니다. | In fall, the leaves change colors and farmers harvest their crops. |
| **7** | 겨울은 춥고 많은 곳에서 눈이 내립니다. | Winter is cold and it snows in many places. |
| **8** | 어떤 동물들은 겨울 동안 긴 잠을 잡니다. | Some animals have a long sleep during winter. |
| **9** | 무엇이 계절을 만들까요? | What causes seasons? |
| **10** | 그것은 지구의 기울어짐과 태양 때문입니다. | That's because of the tilt of the Earth and the Sun. |
| **11** | 지구는 23.5도 기울어져서 태양 주변을 돕니다. | The Earth has a tilt of 23.5 and travels around the Sun. |
| **12** | 여름은 태양을 향해 기울어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. | Summer happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun. |
| **13** | 겨울은 태양에서 멀어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. | Winter happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun. |
| **14** | 북극은 태양으로부터 멀어집니다. | The North Pole is away from the Sun. |
| **15** | 우리에게 계절이 있다는 것은 멋있지 않나요? | Isn't it wonderful that we have seasons? |
| **16** | 적도 근처에 살지 않는 한, 여러분은 사계절이 있다는 것을 알 것입니다. | Unless you live near the Earth's equator, you know that there are four seasons. |
| **17** | 그것은 봄, 여름, 가을, 겨울입니다. | They are spring, summer, fall, and winter. |
| **18** | 계절은 지구에 많은 영향을 줍니다. | The seasons have a lot of impact on the Earth. |
| **19** | 봄에는 동물들이 태어나고 식물들이 생기를 찾습니다. | In spring, animals are born and plants come back to life. |
| **20** | 여름은 덥고 여러분은 종종 해변으로 휴가를 갑니다. | Summer is hot and you often take vacations to the beach. |
| **21** | 가을에 나뭇잎들은 색깔이 바뀌고 농부들은 그들의 농작물을 수확합니다. | In fall, the leaves change colors and farmers harvest their crops. |
| **22** | 겨울은 춥고 많은 곳에서 눈이 내립니다. | Winter is cold and it snows in many places. |
| **23** | 어떤 동물들은 겨울 동안 긴 잠을 잡니다. | Some animals have a long sleep during winter. |
| **24** | 무엇이 계절을 만들까요? | What causes seasons? |
| **25** | 그것은 지구의 기울어짐과 태양 때문입니다. | That's because of the tilt of the Earth and the Sun. |
| **26** | 지구는 23.5도 기울어져서 태양 주변을 돕니다. | The Earth has a tilt of 23.5 and travels around the Sun. |
| **27** | 여름은 태양을 향해 기울어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. | Summer happens in the hemisphere tilted towards the Sun. |
| **28** | 겨울은 태양에서 멀어져 있는 반구에서 생깁니다. | Winter happens in the hemisphere tilted away from the Sun. |
| **29** | 북극은 태양으로부터 멀어집니다. | The North Pole is away from the Sun. |
| **30** | 우리에게 계절이 있다는 것은 멋있지 않나요? | Isn't it wonderful that we have seasons? |

Explorer6 Unit3 Translate the English word into Korean.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Translate the English word into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 3** | **1** | sweat | 땀을 흘리다 |
| **2** | hold on | 잠깐 기다려! |
| **3** | bloody nose | 코피 |
| **4** | bruise | 멍 |
| **5** | sore | 아픈 |
| **6** | throat | 목 |
| **7** | should | ~해야 한다 |
| **8** | pill | 알약 |
| **9** | protect | 보호하다, 지키다 |
| **10** | swallow | 삼키다, 목구멍으로 넘기다 |
| **11** | invent | 발명하다 |
| **12** | light bulb | 전구 |
| **13** | medicine | 약 |
| **14** | feel better | 회복되다 |
| **15** | see a doctor | 진찰 받으러 가다 |
| **16** | surprised | 놀란 |
| **17** | scientist | 과학자 |
| **18** | donate | 기증하다 |
| **19** | cast | 깁스 |
| **20** | surgery | 수술 |
| **21** | sweat | 땀을 흘리다 |
| **22** | hold on | 잠깐 기다려! |
| **23** | bloody nose | 코피 |
| **24** | bruise | 멍 |
| **25** | sore | 아픈 |
| **26** | throat | 목 |
| **27** | should | ~해야 한다 |
| **28** | pill | 알약 |
| **29** | protect | 보호하다, 지키다 |
| **30** | swallow | 삼키다, 목구멍으로 넘기다 |
| **31** | invent | 발명하다 |
| **32** | light bulb | 전구 |
| **33** | medicine | 약 |
| **34** | feel better | 회복되다 |
| **35** | see a doctor | 진찰 받으러 가다 |
| **36** | surprised | 놀란 |
| **37** | scientist | 과학자 |
| **38** | donate | 기증하다 |
| **39** | cast | 깁스 |
| **40** | surgery | 수술 |

Explorer6 Unit3 Translate the English sentence into Korean.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Translate the English sentence into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 3** | **1** | You're all wet. | 너는 완전히 젖었구나. |
| **2** | You took your umbrella to school, didn't you? | 너는 학교에 우산을 가져갔어, 그렇지 않니? |
| **3** | Take off your wet clothes and put these on. | 너의 젖은 옷을 벗고 이것을 입어라. |
| **4** | Drink the hot chocolate. | 뜨거운 코코아를 마셔. |
| **5** | Are you feeling better? | 기분이 나아졌니? |
| **6** | What's wrong with you? | 너에게 무슨 일이 있니? |
| **7** | You're sweating. | 너는 땀을 흘리고 있어. |
| **8** | You look sick. | 너는 아파 보여. |
| **9** | I have a fever. | 나는 열이 있어. |
| **10** | You're coughing. | 너는 기침을 하고 있어. |
| **11** | I think you have a cold. | 너는 감기에 걸린 것 같아. |
| **12** | Hold on. | 잠깐만 기다려. |
| **13** | I'll ask Mom to give you some medicine. | 너에게 약을 좀 주라고 엄마에게 부탁할게. |
| **14** | Take these pills with a lot of water. | 많은 물과 함께 이 알약들을 먹어. |
| **15** | I think you need to see a doctor. | 너는 진찰을 받아야 할 것 같아. |
| **16** | Don't lose your umbrella again. | 너의 우산을 다시는 잃어버리지 마. |
| **17** | Why were you absent from school today? | 너는 오늘 왜 학교에 결석을 했니? |
| **18** | He invented the light bulb and many other things. | 그는 전구와 다른 많은 것들을 발명했어. |
| **19** | I had a stomachache because I ate too much cake. | 나는 케이크를 너무 많이 먹어서 배가 아팠어. |
| **20** | Everyone was surprised at the sweet cake. | 모든 사람이 그 달콤한 케이크에 놀랐어. |
| **21** | You're all wet. | 너는 완전히 젖었구나. |
| **22** | You took your umbrella to school, didn't you? | 너는 학교에 우산을 가져갔어, 그렇지 않니? |
| **23** | Take off your wet clothes and put these on. | 너의 젖은 옷을 벗고 이것을 입어라. |
| **24** | Drink the hot chocolate. | 뜨거운 코코아를 마셔. |
| **25** | Are you feeling better? | 기분이 나아졌니? |
| **26** | What's wrong with you? | 너에게 무슨 일이 있니? |
| **27** | You're sweating. | 너는 땀을 흘리고 있어. |
| **28** | You look sick. | 너는 아파 보여. |
| **29** | I have a fever. | 나는 열이 있어. |
| **30** | You're coughing. | 너는 기침을 하고 있어. |
| **31** | I think you have a cold. | 너는 감기에 걸린 것 같아. |
| **32** | Hold on. | 잠깐만 기다려. |
| **33** | I'll ask Mom to give you some medicine. | 너에게 약을 좀 주라고 엄마에게 부탁할게. |
| **34** | Take these pills with a lot of water. | 많은 물과 함께 이 알약들을 먹어. |
| **35** | I think you need to see a doctor. | 너는 진찰을 받아야 할 것 같아. |
| **36** | Don't lose your umbrella again. | 너의 우산을 다시는 잃어버리지 마. |
| **37** | Why were you absent from school today? | 너는 오늘 왜 학교에 결석을 했니? |
| **38** | He invented the light bulb and many other things. | 그는 전구와 다른 많은 것들을 발명했어. |
| **39** | I had a stomachache because I ate too much cake. | 나는 케이크를 너무 많이 먹어서 배가 아팠어. |
| **40** | Everyone was surprised at the sweet cake. | 모든 사람이 그 달콤한 케이크에 놀랐어. |

Explorer6 Unit3 Look at the picture and answer the question.

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| **Look at the picture and answer the question.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 3** | **1** | Is Jane a nurse, isn't she? | No, she isn't. She is a doctor. |
| **2** | Doesn't Jimmy have a headache, does he? | No, he doesn't. He has a stomachache. |
| **3** | Where is Anna's umbrella? | She lost it. / It's on the street. |
| **4** | What did Alexander Graham Bell invent? | He invented the telephone. |
| **5** | What was he doing? | He was taking the pills (medicine). |
| **6** | Why was he absent from school? | Because he was sick. |
| **7** | What does she do for fun? | She plays tennis. |
| **8** | What is his symptom? | He has a sore throat. |
| **9** | How is she feeling? | She has a fever. |
| **10** | What's wrong with him? | He has an earache. |
| **11** | Is Jane a nurse, isn't she? | No, she isn't. She is a doctor. |
| **12** | Doesn't Jimmy have a headache, does he? | No, he doesn't. He has a stomachache. |
| **13** | Where is Anna's umbrella? | She lost it. / It's on the street. |
| **14** | What did Alexander Graham Bell invent? | He invented the telephone. |
| **15** | What was he doing? | He was taking the pills (medicine). |
| **16** | Why was he absent from school? | Because he was sick. |
| **17** | What does she do for fun? | She plays tennis. |
| **18** | What is his symptom? | He has a sore throat. |
| **19** | How is she feeling? | She has a fever. |
| **20** | What's wrong with him? | He has an earache. |

Explorer6 Unit3 Listen to the question and answer it.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Listen to the question and answer it.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 3** | **1** | Why is Mike all wet? | Because he lost his umbrella. / Because he was caught in the rain without an umbrella. |
| **2** | What does Mike do first when he comes home? | He takes off his wet clothes and put on new ones. |
| **3** | What does Mike drink after he changes his clothes? | He drinks hot chocolate. |
| **4** | Why was Mike absent from school today? | Because he was sick. / Because he had a cold. |
| **5** | What was Mike doing at home? | He was reading a book. |
| **6** | What kinds of books does Mike like to read? | He likes to read books about great people. |
| **7** | What did Thomas Edison invent? | He invented the light bulb and many other things. |
| **8** | What does Eric do for fun? | He cooks for fun. / His hobby is cooking. |
| **9** | Why wasn't Eric happy last Christmas? | Because he had a stomachache. / Because he ate too much and had a stomachache. |
| **10** | What will Eric make for Mike? | He will make some cookies for him. |
| **11** | Why is Mike all wet? | Because he lost his umbrella. / Because he was caught in the rain without an umbrella. |
| **12** | What does Mike do first when he comes home? | He takes off his wet clothes and put on new ones. |
| **13** | What does Mike drink after he changes his clothes? | He drinks hot chocolate. |
| **14** | Why was Mike absent from school today? | Because he was sick. / Because he had a cold. |
| **15** | What was Mike doing at home? | He was reading a book. |
| **16** | What kinds of books does Mike like to read? | He likes to read books about great people. |
| **17** | What did Thomas Edison invent? | He invented the light bulb and many other things. |
| **18** | What does Eric do for fun? | He cooks for fun. / His hobby is cooking. |
| **19** | Why wasn't Eric happy last Christmas? | Because he had a stomachache. / Because he ate too much and had a stomachache. |
| **20** | What will Eric make for Mike? | He will make some cookies for him. |

Explorer6 Unit3 Translate the Korean sentence into English.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Translate the Korean sentence into English.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit**  **3** | **1** | 너는 완전히 젖었구나. | You're all wet. |
| **2** | 너는 학교에 우산을 가져갔어, 그렇지 않니? | You took your umbrella to school, didn't you? |
| **3** | 너의 젖은 옷을 벗고 이것을 입어라. | Take off your wet clothes and put these on. |
| **4** | 뜨거운 코코아를 마셔. | Drink the hot chocolate. |
| **5** | 기분이 나아졌니? | Are you feeling better? |
| **6** | 너에게 무슨 일이 있니? | What's wrong with you? |
| **7** | 너는 땀을 흘리고 있어. | You're sweating. |
| **8** | 너는 아파 보여. | You look sick. |
| **9** | 나는 열이 있어. | I have a fever. |
| **10** | 너는 기침을 하고 있어. | You're coughing. |
| **11** | 너는 감기에 걸린 것 같아. | I think you have a cold. |
| **12** | 잠깐만 기다려. | Hold on. |
| **13** | 너에게 약을 좀 주라고 엄마에게 부탁할게. | I'll ask Mom to give you some medicine. |
| **14** | 많은 물과 함께 이 알약들을 먹어. | Take these pills with a lot of water. |
| **15** | 너는 진찰을 받아야 할 것 같아. | I think you need to see a doctor. |
| **16** | 너는 완전히 젖었구나. | You're all wet. |
| **17** | 너는 학교에 우산을 가져갔어, 그렇지 않니? | You took your umbrella to school, didn't you? |
| **18** | 너의 젖은 옷을 벗고 이것을 입어라. | Take off your wet clothes and put these on. |
| **19** | 뜨거운 코코아를 마셔. | Drink the hot chocolate. |
| **20** | 기분이 나아졌니? | Are you feeling better? |
| **21** | 너에게 무슨 일이 있니? | What's wrong with you? |
| **22** | 너는 땀을 흘리고 있어. | You're sweating. |
| **23** | 너는 아파 보여. | You look sick. |
| **24** | 나는 열이 있어. | I have a fever. |
| **25** | 너는 기침을 하고 있어. | You're coughing. |
| **26** | 너는 감기에 걸린 것 같아. | I think you have a cold. |
| **27** | 잠깐만 기다려. | Hold on. |
| **28** | 너에게 약을 좀 주라고 엄마에게 부탁할게. | I'll ask Mom to give you some medicine. |
| **29** | 많은 물과 함께 이 알약들을 먹어. | Take these pills with a lot of water. |
| **30** | 너는 진찰을 받아야 할 것 같아. | I think you need to see a doctor. |

Explorer6 Unit4 Translate the English word into Korean.

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| **Translate the English word into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 4** | **1** | classification | 분류 |
| **2** | swear | 맹세하다 |
| **3** | separate | 분리하다 |
| **4** | hygiene | 위생 |
| **5** | oath | 선서 |
| **6** | diagnosis | 진단 |
| **7** | strength | 힘 |
| **8** | observation | 관찰 |
| **9** | ignore | 무시하다 |
| **10** | principle | 원칙 |
| **11** | recite | 암송하다 |
| **12** | conduct | 행동 |
| **13** | superstition | 미신 |
| **14** | appropriate | 적절한 |
| **15** | discover | 발견하다 |
| **16** | deduction | 추론 |
| **17** | ancient | 고대의 |
| **18** | disagree | 일치하지 않다, 동의하지 않다 |
| **19** | certificate | 증서, 증명서 |
| **20** | excess | 초과, 과도 |
| **21** | classification | 분류 |
| **22** | swear | 맹세하다 |
| **23** | separate | 분리하다 |
| **24** | hygiene | 위생 |
| **25** | oath | 선서 |
| **26** | diagnosis | 진단 |
| **27** | strength | 힘 |
| **28** | observation | 관찰 |
| **29** | ignore | 무시하다 |
| **30** | principle | 원칙 |
| **31** | recite | 암송하다 |
| **32** | conduct | 행동 |
| **33** | superstition | 미신 |
| **34** | appropriate | 적절한 |
| **35** | discover | 발견하다 |
| **36** | deduction | 추론 |
| **37** | ancient | 고대의 |
| **38** | disagree | 일치하지 않다, 동의하지 않다 |
| **39** | certificate | 증서, 증명서 |
| **40** | excess | 초과, 과도 |

Explorer6 Unit4 Translate the English sentence into Korean.

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| **Translate the English sentence into Korean.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 4** | **1** | If you are sick, you will go to hospital. | 여러분은 아프면 병원에 갈 것입니다. |
| **2** | At the hospital you can meet several doctors. | 병원에서 여러분은 의사들을 만날 수 있습니다. |
| **3** | With their care, you can be healthy again. | 그들의 돌봄을 받고 여러분은 다시 건강해질 수 있습니다. |
| **4** | Do you know that they swear the Hippocratic Oath? | 여러분은 그들이 히포크라테스 선서를 한다는 것을 알고 있었나요? |
| **5** | The Hippocratic Oath was named for Hippocrates. | 히포크라테스 선서는 히포크라테스의 이름을 딴 것입니다. |
| **6** | It follows his ideas and principles. | 그것은 그의 생각과 원칙을 따른 것입니다. |
| **7** | It included rules of conducts for doctors. | 그것은 의사들의 행동 원칙을 포함하고 있습니다. |
| **8** | It is often recited at the graduation ceremony of medical schools. | 그것은 종종 의학 학교의 졸업식 때 암송되어 집니다. |
| **9** | Do you know who Hippocrates is? | 여러분은 히포크라테스가 누군지 알고 있나요? |
| **10** | Hippocrates was an ancient Greek doctor. | 히포크라테스는 고대 그리스의 의사였습니다. |
| **11** | He is called as the father of medicine. | 그는 의학의 아버지로 불립니다. |
| **12** | He discovered many things that are still practiced today. | 그는 오늘날 여전히 활용되는 많은 것들을 발견했습니다. |
| **13** | He also did great efforts in study of medicine. | 그는 의학 연구에 많은 노력을 기울였습니다. |
| **14** | The goal of medicine should be to build the patient's strength through appropriate diet and hygiene. | 의학의 목적은 적절한 식이와 위생을 통해 환자의 힘을 기르는 것이어야 합니다. |
| **15** | He also built the Hippocratic School of medicine. | 그는 또한 히포크라테스 의학 학교를 세웠습니다. |
| **16** | This school changed the old means of medicine in Greece. | 이 학교는 그리스의 오래된 의학 방법들을 변화시켰습니다. |
| **17** | It did great roles in separating medicine from superstition. | 그 학교는 의학과 미신을 분리시키는 데 커다란 역할을 했습니다. |
| **18** | It taught observation and deduction. | 그 학교에서는 관찰과 귀납적인 논리를 가르쳤습니다. |
| **19** | This was not the same with other medical schools in Greece. | 그것은 그리스의 다른 의학 학교와는 다른 것이었습니다. |
| **20** | Other schools stressed detailed diagnosis and classification of diseases. | 다른 학교들은 자세한 진단과 질병의 분류를 강조했습니다. |
| **21** | If you are sick, you will go to hospital. | 여러분은 아프면 병원에 갈 것입니다. |
| **22** | At the hospital you can meet several doctors. | 병원에서 여러분은 의사들을 만날 수 있습니다. |
| **23** | With their care, you can be healthy again. | 그들의 돌봄을 받고 여러분은 다시 건강해질 수 있습니다. |
| **24** | Do you know that they swear the Hippocratic Oath? | 여러분은 그들이 히포크라테스 선서를 한다는 것을 알고 있었나요? |
| **25** | The Hippocratic Oath was named for Hippocrates. | 히포크라테스 선서는 히포크라테스의 이름을 딴 것입니다. |
| **26** | It follows his ideas and principles. | 그것은 그의 생각과 원칙을 따른 것입니다. |
| **27** | It included rules of conducts for doctors. | 그것은 의사들의 행동 원칙을 포함하고 있습니다. |
| **28** | It is often recited at the graduation ceremony of medical schools. | 그것은 종종 의학 학교의 졸업식 때 암송되어 집니다. |
| **29** | Do you know who Hippocrates is? | 여러분은 히포크라테스가 누군지 알고 있나요? |
| **30** | Hippocrates was an ancient Greek doctor. | 히포크라테스는 고대 그리스의 의사였습니다. |
| **31** | He is called as the father of medicine. | 그는 의학의 아버지로 불립니다. |
| **32** | He discovered many things that are still practiced today. | 그는 오늘날 여전히 활용되는 많은 것들을 발견했습니다. |
| **33** | He also did great efforts in study of medicine. | 그는 의학 연구에 많은 노력을 기울였습니다. |
| **34** | The goal of medicine should be to build the patient's strength through appropriate diet and hygiene. | 의학의 목적은 적절한 식이와 위생을 통해 환자의 힘을 기르는 것이어야 합니다. |
| **35** | He also built the Hippocratic School of medicine. | 그는 또한 히포크라테스 의학 학교를 세웠습니다. |
| **36** | This school changed the old means of medicine in Greece. | 이 학교는 그리스의 오래된 의학 방법들을 변화시켰습니다. |
| **37** | It did great roles in separating medicine from superstition. | 그 학교는 의학과 미신을 분리시키는 데 커다란 역할을 했습니다. |
| **38** | It taught observation and deduction. | 그 학교에서는 관찰과 귀납적인 논리를 가르쳤습니다. |
| **39** | This was not the same with other medical schools in Greece. | 그것은 그리스의 다른 의학 학교와는 다른 것이었습니다. |
| **40** | Other schools stressed detailed diagnosis and classification of diseases. | 다른 학교들은 자세한 진단과 질병의 분류를 강조했습니다. |

Explorer6 Unit4 Look at the picture and answer the question.

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| **Look at the picture and answer the question.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 4** | **1** | Who was Hippocratic Oath named for? | It was named for Hippocrates. |
| **2** | What is Hippocrates called as? | He is called as the father of medicine. |
| **3** | Where are they? | They are in the graduation ceremony. |
| **4** | What are the medical students doing? | They are swearing the Hippocratic Oath. |
| **5** | What was Hippocrates' job? | He was a doctor. |
| **6** | What items are included in the travel bag? | A toothbrush, soap and a towel are included in the bag. |
| **7** | What separates the northern hemisphere and southern hemisphere? | The equator separates the northern and southern hemispheres. |
| **8** | What did Christopher Columbus discover? | He discovered America. |
| **9** | What do you call the belief that some things are lucky or unlucky? | We call it a superstition. |
| **10** | What do you call the practice of keeping yourself clean to prevent diseases? | We call it a hygiene. |
| **11** | Who was Hippocratic Oath named for? | It was named for Hippocrates. |
| **12** | What is Hippocrates called as? | He is called as the father of medicine. |
| **13** | Where are they? | They are in the graduation ceremony. |
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Explorer6 Unit4 Listen to the question and answer it.

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| **Listen to the question and answer it.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit 4** | **1** | Who swears the Hippocratic Oath? | Doctors swear the Hippocratic Oath. |
| **2** | What is included in the Hippocratic Oath? | Rules of conducts for doctors are included. |
| **3** | Where is the Hippocratic Oath usually recited? | It is recited at the graduation ceremony of medical schools. |
| **4** | What is Hippocrates called? | He is called (as) the father of medicine. |
| **5** | What did Hippocrates believe the goal of medicine should be? | He believed that it should be to build the patient's strength through appropriate diet and hygiene. |
| **6** | What school did Hippocrates build? | He built the Hippocratic School of medicine. |
| **7** | How did the Hippocratic School of medicine change the old means of medicine in Greece? | It did great roles in separating medicine from superstition. / It helped to separate medicine from superstition. |
| **8** | What did the Hippocratic School of medicine teach? | It taught observation and deduction. |
| **9** | What did other medical schools in ancient Greece focus on? | It focused on detailed diagnosis and classification of diseases. |
| **10** | What did other medical schools in ancient Greece ignore? | It ignored the patients. |
| **11** | Who swears the Hippocratic Oath? | Doctors swear the Hippocratic Oath. |
| **12** | What is included in the Hippocratic Oath? | Rules of conducts for doctors are included. |
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| **19** | What did other medical schools in ancient Greece focus on? | It focused on detailed diagnosis and classification of diseases. |
| **20** | What did other medical schools in ancient Greece ignore? | It ignored the patients. |

Explorer6 Unit4 Translate the Korean sentence into English.

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| **Translate the Korean sentence into English.** | | | **예시답안** |
| **Unit**  **4** | **1** | 여러분은 아프면 병원에 갈 것입니다. | If you are sick, you will go to hospital. |
| **2** | 병원에서 여러분은 의사들을 만날 수 있습니다. | At the hospital you can meet several doctors. |
| **3** | 그들의 돌봄을 받고 여러분은 다시 건강해질 수 있습니다. | With their care, you can be healthy again. |
| **4** | 여러분은 그들이 히포크라테스 선서를 한다는 것을 알고 있었나요? | Do you know that they swear the Hippocratic Oath? |
| **5** | 히포크라테스 선서는 히포크라테스의 이름을 딴 것입니다. | The Hippocratic Oath was named for Hippocrates. |
| **6** | 그것은 그의 생각과 원칙을 따른 것입니다. | It follows his ideas and principles. |
| **7** | 그것은 의사들의 행동 원칙을 포함하고 있습니다. | It included rules of conducts for doctors. |
| **8** | 그것은 종종 의학 학교의 졸업식 때 암송되어 집니다. | It is often recited at the graduation ceremony of medical schools. |
| **9** | 여러분은 히포크라테스가 누군지 알고 있나요? | Do you know who Hippocrates is? |
| **10** | 히포크라테스는 고대 그리스의 의사였습니다. | Hippocrates was an ancient Greek doctor. |
| **11** | 그는 의학의 아버지로 불립니다. | He is called as the father of medicine. |
| **12** | 그는 오늘날 여전히 활용되는 많은 것들을 발견했습니다. | He discovered many things that are still practiced today. |
| **13** | 그는 의학 연구에 많은 노력을 기울였습니다. | He also did great efforts in study of medicine. |
| **14** | 의학의 목적은 적절한 식이와 위생을 통해 환자의 힘을 기르는 것이어야 합니다. | The goal of medicine should be to build the patient's strength through appropriate diet and hygiene. |
| **15** | 그는 또한 히포크라테스 의학 학교를 세웠습니다. | He also built the Hippocratic School of medicine. |
| **16** | 여러분은 아프면 병원에 갈 것입니다. | If you are sick, you will go to hospital. |
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| **18** | 그들의 돌봄을 받고 여러분은 다시 건강해질 수 있습니다. | With their care, you can be healthy again. |
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| **21** | 그것은 그의 생각과 원칙을 따른 것입니다. | It follows his ideas and principles. |
| **22** | 그것은 의사들의 행동 원칙을 포함하고 있습니다. | It included rules of conducts for doctors. |
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| **29** | 의학의 목적은 적절한 식이와 위생을 통해 환자의 힘을 기르는 것이어야 합니다. | The goal of medicine should be to build the patient's strength through appropriate diet and hygiene. |
| **30** | 그는 또한 히포크라테스 의학 학교를 세웠습니다. | He also built the Hippocratic School of medicine. |